

Software Construction

- More than just programming
- Involves design
- Team organization
 - Who works on what?
 - Often matches code organization/modularization
 - SCM implications

Construction Best Practices

- Assertive programming
 - Test-driven development
 - Design-by-Contract
- Refactoring
- Communication
 - Reviews, pair-programming, stand-up meetings
- Know one development environment well
- Coding standards
 - <http://java.sun.com/docs/codeconv/html/CodeConvTOC.doc.html>

Refactoring

- Software is more like gardening than construction
- Refactoring: changing the internal structure of code without changing its external behavior
 - Don't try to refactor and add functionality at the same time
 - Have good tests and run them often when refactoring
 - Take short, deliberate steps
- Become familiar with automated refactoring tools
- See www.refactoring.com

Pragmatic Programmer: Tip 4

- Don't Live with Broken Windows
- What are Broken Windows in Software?
 - Bad designs, wrong decisions, poor code, no tests; beginning of *software entropy*
- If you don't have time to fix it what do you do?
 - Board it up, i.e. remove it or declare it as “not implemented”

Pragmatic Programmer: Tip 11

- DRY - Don't Repeat Yourself
- Avoid cut-and-paste
 - Refactor to reusable code instead

Minimize Complexity and Coupling; Maximize Cohesion

- Complexity
 - Organize into modules
 - Abstract at all levels
 - Keep code simple and readable
- Coupling
 - Use interfaces, Law of Demeter
- Cohesion
 - Keep methods short
 - Don't let classes get too big

Law of Demeter

- Any method of an object should call only methods belonging to:
 - Itself
 - Any parameters that were passed in to the method
 - Any objects it created
 - Any directly held component objects
- i.e. don't use objects to get other objects